

THE WEATHER

For and much change in temperature tonight and Friday's moderate southwest to west winds. High 62, low 42. Wind, from west, 2 to 10 m. High tide, 10:15 a. m., 11:15 p. m. Temperature, 62 at noon. Wind, from west, 17 at noon. Minimum, 52 at 5 a. m.; average, 63.5. Temperature, 62 at noon. Wind, from west, 17 at noon. Light at 10:15 p. m.

VOL. 15—No. 155

BOSTON AMERICAN

BOSTON, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1918

FINAL EDITION EXTRA

ONE CENT

GREAT VICTORY IN THE BALKANS; NEW GAINS ON THE HINDENBURG LINE

VACCINE FOR GRIP, BUT IT'S SCARCE

Preventive Treatment Is Known Says Dr. Leary, but the Serum Is Unavailable

A preventive for "Spanish" influenza has been found, according to Dr. Timothy Leary of the Tufts Medical School, medical examiner for the southern district of Suffolk County.

"It is a vaccine, made from influenza bacilli," said Dr. Leary today. "We have used it before in a smaller scale and found it successful. There is absolutely no question that it acts as a prophylactic."

It is not a new discovery, but the application of it in this case is new, as the epidemic of this year is simply applying vaccination to the epidemic, and from the results we have obtained I am sure that it will be as successful as vaccination has proved against typhoid and other diseases.

At the present time, however, this serum is unavailable to the general public. Nor is there a supply of it on hand for the use of physicians even of Greater Boston.

NOT FOR GENERAL PUBLIC.

"We are using it on our students," said Dr. Leary, when asked where anyone who might wish to get vaccinated against the disease should apply, "and this requires all our facilities. The question of making it available for general use comes up."

Continued on Page 3, Column 6.

NEW YORK DRAFT LOTTS EXCEED ESTIMATES

Washington, Sept. 19.—(Press.)—The War Department today announced that under the manpower registration September 12, 1918, it had registered 145,375 against an estimate of 135,000, and Missouri 131,665 against an estimate of 126,500. The adjutant general of New York has reported unofficially that 137,021 registered in New York against an estimate of 133,457.

"Don'ts" and "Do's" If You Come Down With the Grip

DON'T
Mingle in crowds.
Fail to have houses and working quarters well ventilated.
Use public drinking cups, dishes that have not been properly cleaned, or public vessels.
Sneez or cough without covering nose and nose with a handkerchief.
Spit in public places or on highways.

DO -
Go to bed at the first indication that you have contracted the disease or follow the instructions of your private physician, the Department of Health being unwilling to risk a general prescription for the cure of the malady.

Stay in bed until your physician tells you you have recovered sufficiently to get up.
Isolate any member of the family who contracts the disease until he or she is thoroughly cured.

QUICKLY, NOW, ONE GUESS, WHO ARE THEY?



Photograph shows at left Johnny Evers, former captain of the Boston Braves, in the uniform of a Knights of Columbus field secretary. At right "Hank" Gandy, former catcher for the Braves, and first baseball player to enlist in the army. Both are at the front in France.

JUDGE RAYMOND'S SON PRISONER AT LANDSHUT

Washington, Sept. 19.—The names of sixty-three members of General Pershing's overseas force who are prisoners of war in various German camps were made public by the War Department today. Among them are:

AT LANDSHUT.
Lieutenant Robert P. Raymond, Superior Court house, Boston.

CAMP UNKNOWN.
Guy D. Tibbitts, Brookline, N. H.
Albert B. Holbrook, Rockland, Me.
John J. Collins, 22 Winchester street, New Haven, Ct.
Charles E. Perkins, Winchester, Mass.

John Henderson, Rockland, Mass.

A telegram received by the parents of Robert P. Raymond, son of Judge Raymond of the Suffolk Superior Court, contains the information that Lieutenant Raymond is in a prisoner camp at Landshut, near Munich. The telegram was sent through the Red Cross and contains no other information. When last heard from Lieutenant Raymond was at a camp at Harstede, in Baden.

Bulgar Army in Flight

HUMAN "AGE" PUT TO THE TEST DIED

Shot Through Heart in Battle With Group of Enemy Planes

By HENRY G. WALES.
International News Service Staff Correspondent.

With the American Army on the Lorraine front, Sept. 19.—First Lieutenant David E. Putnam of Brookline, Mass., the son of an American sea, brought down an enemy Fokker in flames a few seconds before he was killed during an air combat against great odds on the afternoon of September 12. This feat brought him total official victories to ten and his unofficial triumphs to eighteen.

As acting squadron commander, the young American was not supposed to make flights, but when the opportunity offered he always went up with the other pilots. On the afternoon of the 12th Putnam jumped at the chance to go up with Lieutenant Wendell A. Robinson of Fort Smith, Ark., on patrol duty along the American line.

The two were gliding along in their machines at 5 o'clock in the afternoon in the vicinity of Ligny when they were suddenly attacked by eight Fokkers that swooped down unexpectedly from above.

The enemy planes split into two groups. One group attacked Putnam and the other attacked Robinson. The thrilling battle was watched eagerly by infantrymen on the ground. They saw Putnam maneuver bravely and despite the terrific odds lead to battle with the attacking German. He sent one of them crashing to the earth in flames. Then the infantrymen saw Putnam's machine start gliding to the earth. It was apparent that he was attempting to crash-land and escape.

Robinson disengaged himself from the group of Germans and landed safely in the American lines.

Putnam's machine went over the American lines and crashed to the road just east of Ligny. The young hero's body was extricated from the wreckage and it was found that he died from two bullet wounds through the heart.

The Medal of Honor, conferred upon him by the War Department, arrived at the squadron field a few minutes after his last flight.

Officers in Putnam's squadron state that he drew up his will on the night before his last flight.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY ROOSEVELT RETURNS

An Atlantic Port, Sept. 19.—Franklin D. Roosevelt, assistant secretary of the navy and the two congressional committees which have been in England and France, arrived here today. The same ship which also brought a prince of Denmark.

TODAY'S BANK STATEMENTS

Boston bank clearings, \$55,114,329. Boston cash receipts, \$1,000,000. N. Y. bank clearings, \$55,000,000. N. Y. cash receipts, \$1,000,000.

52 BALKAN VILLAGES TAKEN

Allies Gain 12 1/2 Miles and Capture Thousands of Bulgarian Prisoners

Paris, Sept. 19.—Fifty-two towns and villages have been captured by the Franco-Serbian forces in the Balkans since they started their new offensive last Sunday, according to official advices made public here.

The Bulgarians are burning villages and committing depredations over a wide area in their retreat.

By International News Service.
London, Sept. 19.—The allied armies on the Macedonian front have penetrated to a depth of twelve and one-half miles and are relentlessly pursuing the completely beaten forces of the enemy, night and day, according to the latest Serbian War Office statement, just received here.

From a semi-official source it is learned that the allied Balkan offensive is rapidly becoming general, extending to the north of Monastir, thus menancing the important Bulgarian rail center of Plovdiv.

The number of prisoners taken by the Serbs, French and Greeks has reached the 1200 mark.

Despatches state the Bulgarians are not fighting with anything on their side since vigor. Most of their rifle formations were isolated in the Plovdiv region when they were most urgently needed.

The Serbians are now pushing downhill and the operations are described as "going well."

The new Greek army has not yet been engaged in the offensive.

An official statement issued at Plovdiv today says:

"In Macedonia along a front of 35 kilometers the Serbian, French and Greek forces have advanced to a depth of fifteen kilometers, at some places. They have captured the fortified village of Zvezdica, on the Strazina heights, and Plovdiv is threatened."

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BELOGAN RELIEF SHIP SHELLED BY U-BOAT

Christiansburg, Sept. 19.—The Norwegian steamship Bjergsnes, en route from here to Belgium relief service, was shelled today by a U-boat. The ship was hit and damaged by a German submarine while en route from the United States to Amsterdam. The attack occurred outside the war zone. An inquiry has been ordered.

Kaiser Is Suffering 'Mental Ailment,' Latest Story

By International News Service.
London, Sept. 19.—(AP.)—It was learned by the International News Service this afternoon from reliable authority that rumors will persist in Berlin concerning the condition of the Kaiser.

The rumors are of the nature that the Kaiser is suffering from a mental ailment.

POPE CONSIDERS AUSTRIAN NOTE 'INADEQUATE'

By International News Service.
London, Sept. 19.—(AP.)—The pope has replied to the Austrian note, according to the Vatican Press. His reply will be published in the Observator Romano, according to the advice.

Rome, Sept. 19.—Italy has followed the action of the United States in refusing to accept the Austrian note, according to the Vatican Press. His reply will be published in the Observator Romano, according to the advice.

The allied peace principles, it is pointed out, include the destruction of Italian Austria from the Alps to the Adriatic and the security of the Italian frontiers.

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AMERICAN GUNS POUNDING METZ

With the American Army in Lorraine, Sept. 19 (9 A. M.)—American heavy artillery fire has set fire to a factory in the German fortified city of Metz.

American aviators reported, it was learned today, that they witnessed American shells bursting in the city and saw a fire break out in a factory following the explosion of a shell. The American heavies have been pounding the German rear positions steadily.

Paris, Sept. 19.—French troops have gained a secure footing on the plateau of Ange Gardienne, which commands a considerable part of the Chemin Des Dames ridge, it was learned today. They are within a half-mile of the famous highway from which the ridge takes its name. Columbus farm, on the plateau just east of Nancy (northwest of Soissons), has been captured.

By FRANK CHARLTON.
International News Service Cable Editor.

The British army in Picardy has begun to cut into the old Hindenburg line while the extent of the allied victory in the Balkans is growing.

On the front between the Meuse and Moselle rivers the Americans continue their brilliant advance and the big American guns are now furiously pounding the defenses of Metz.

American patrols are operating in the Pagny-sur-Moselle sector and are clearing out German machine gun positions that were left behind in the big retreat to the new Hindenburg line in that district.

The magnificent British victory in Picardy and the brilliant success of the allied forces in the Balkans vie with each other in importance.

On the Macedonian front the French and Serbians have advanced over twelve miles and the Bulgarians thrown back in a panicky retreat.

The Germans have been making desperate efforts to save the old Hindenburg line in front of St. Quentin. Reinforcements were rushed up and delivered strong counter-attacks, but all of the British gains were maintained.

The Austrians distinguished themselves in the mighty British attack taking by storm some of the defensive outposts of the Hindenburg line.

At some points the British advanced three miles and are back in the positions they were holding prior to last March when the German offensive was launched.

The allied advance on the eastern battlefield is general, and progress has been made at the most vital points during the past twenty-four hours.

POSTMASTER MURRAY REMOVED TO HOSPITAL

Postmaster William P. Murray, who has been ill with a severe cold and confined to his summer home in Hull, was today brought to a Boston hospital for treatment. He was taken ill while at the office of the Federal Building last Friday. Yesterday he spent a decidedly poor day, according to his physicians, and it was thought advisable to order his removal to a hospital.

Continued on Page 3, Column 1.

AMERICAN PRISONERS PLACED UNDER FIRE ALONG FRONT LINE

FORCED TO HAUL WAGONS AND CARRY AMMUNITION TO TRENCHES

By HENRY G. WALES, International News Service Staff Correspondent.

With the American Army on the Lorraine Front, Sept. 18—American soldiers who were captured by the Germans at Seicheprey last May, were kept at Thaucaourt and forced to work between the village and the front line trenches for more than two weeks, it is learned from civilians at Thaucaourt.

Later, when American airplanes began to bombard Thaucaourt during July, the Americans were brought back there by the Germans.

Several hundred French people, who remained at Thaucaourt, during the German occupation, stated that the town was used as a corps headquarters. It was being used as such last spring when the Germans made their big raid on Seicheprey. As the American prisoners were brought in after the raid, the Germans lived there up and established them in the town and in the trenches. Three Americans were reported to have been killed by American artillery fire to which they were exposed by their captors.

The accounts of these prisoners, who were taken five days.

During that period, German speaking English and wearing American uniforms were placed in the guardhouses with the Americans. They pretended to be prisoners and vainly attempted to win the confidence of the Americans. When the Germans decided to leave Thaucaourt, they were confronted by steel-plated machine guns. When American planes began to drop bombs and night bombing raids on Seicheprey and Thaucaourt, American prisoners were brought back and quartered in the railway yards. The Germans knew were always the target of the bombers.

The Germans made their captives perform all kinds of manual labor, such as hauling wagons without horses, cleaning latrines, and carrying ammunition to the front line trenches in direct violation of international treaties.

Civilians of Thaucaourt civilians were punished for giving food surreptitiously to the American prisoners. The Frenchmen were taken to prison for taking to the Americans through a garret window.

The uniforms of the Americans were ragged and their shoes were worn. When they asked for uniforms, the German officers told them to bring in the corpses of German soldiers lying between the front and second lines and the bodies of the dead men. One American who made a bolt for the American lines was shot.

WAR LABOR BOARD MAY ADOPT 8-HOUR DAY BASIS

Washington, Sept. 18—Adoption of an eight-hour work day as a basis for future labor adjustments was hinted by Frank P. Walsh, chief chairman of the National War Labor Board, in an announcement of a decision handed down in connection with the Wheeling Moulders & Foundry Company of Wheeling, W. Va. The decision was rendered by chief Justice Walter Clark, of the Supreme Court, and was the first of a series of decisions by the board to settle a dispute between the workers and the employers. It rules that employers shall be required to work eight hours a day only when an emergency exists, such as emergency to be decided by a permanent committee of four. This ruling becomes automatically that of the War Labor Board.

GLOUCESTER MAN SUES HIMSELF AND MOTHER

One H. Dana of Gloucester has brought suit against himself and his mother jointly for \$15,137.32. The two are executors of the estate of Anna's father, Francis H. Dana, who died in 1914. The estate of Dana was valued at \$15,137.32. The estate of Dana was valued at \$15,137.32. The estate of Dana was valued at \$15,137.32.

"UNCLE TOM" PUBLISHER SELLS HIS TWO PAPERS

Athol, Sept. 18—After 48 years' activity as printer and publisher, William Waterman, the oldest publisher in unknown service in the State, has sold his two papers, the Athol and Worcester Free Press and the Worcester Free Press and the Worcester Free Press.

MAYOR BOOS BOSTON AT NATIONAL CAPITAL

Mayor Peters is in Washington on a "boom Boston" trip. He confers with Director-General McAdoo on New England and Boston railroad matters, and with Chairman Hurley of the Shipping Board on the desirability of Boston getting one of the big floating drydocks which the board is to buy. The Mayor also seeks some of the war shipping for Boston. He is now negotiating New York harbor. He will return tomorrow or Saturday.

SCISSORS FLY IN RED CROSS WORKSHOP



Miss Mary W. M. Goldrick, inspecting sweaters, and Miss Ruth Leonard (at left), one of the volunteer workers of the Red Cross rooms.

The business of the Superior Court for many days has been interrupted for several weeks last winter by the cold storage, now, more serious problems confront that court, about to enter upon the work of another year, which begins on the first Monday in October and ends on the last of June, 1919.

Some time ago the Justice of the Superior Court arranged for seven jury sessions in Boston, and one in which the lists of cases should be called and prepared for trial. The Justice assigned to that session all of their all cases in which trials by jury have been waived.

When then the calling to service of all men between the ages of 18 and 45 years seriously interfered with the plans to expedite the country's work.

Every thirty days several hundred of the country's work is delayed by the government to respond to military duty. The court is now in a position to meet the present emergency.

In many instances, the court has found that litigants and witnesses have been drafted, and in such cases the court has had to postpone the trial of the cases.

Chief Justice John A. Aldrich, who presided over the court, has been a single judge until further notice, and the court is now in a position to meet the present emergency.

The superior presiding a similar order in cases pending before the court.

'GIVE ME DEATH IN CHAIR,' SAYS CHAPMAN

Editor Arraigned for Slaying of Wife Against Appointment of Sanity Commission

By International News Service, New York, Sept. 18—"I want to go to the electric chair," said Charles E. Chapman, former city editor of the Evening World, in a conference with the Justice of the Superior Court, who is presiding over the trial of Chapman for the slaying of his wife.

Chapman, who is charged with the slaying of his wife, said that he was a sane man and that he was not a danger to the public.

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DRAFT IMPROVES CURE FOR CRIP, BUT THE PUBLIC CAN'T GET IT

Face Problem of Readjusting Jury Lists and Rolls of Officials

Continued from First Page.

The chief features in the business situation today are the thirty deaths from influenza, and the thirty deaths from pneumonia in Boston yesterday.

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"Dichloramine-T" Is Short Word for Germ Killer

What is dichloramine-T? It is a disinfectant, used to kill influenza germs. Thousands are asking this question.

Druggists and doctors agree that the disinfectant is short for T, the disinfectant. And T is short for T, the disinfectant.

There is no scarcity of dichloramine-T. It is announced that there is a scarcity of disinfectants.

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150 IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS HAVE INFLUENZA

One hundred and fifty cases of influenza have been reported up to date in the Boston public schools, in the opinion of Dr. William H. Dineen, director of medical inspection.

The epidemic has not been the coming of the epidemic, as the epidemic has not been the coming of the epidemic.

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Much Better Situation Reported in First Naval District; 113 New Cases

There is a big drop in the number of cases reported in the First Naval District, it was reported today by the Naval Health Department.

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FITCHBURG TROLLEYS PROPOSE 7-CENT FARES

The Fitchburg & Lowell Street Railway today notified the Public Utilities Commission of its intention to raise fares from 10 cents to 7 cents.

The Fitchburg & Lowell Street Railway today notified the Public Utilities Commission of its intention to raise fares from 10 cents to 7 cents.

The Fitchburg & Lowell Street Railway

CARDINAL'S BODY STOCKS WEAK REMOVED TO CATHEDRAL

By International News Service.
New York, Sept. 12.—Thousands of men, women and children lined the roads and streets from Manhattan to St. Patrick's Cathedral today to witness the funeral cortege of Cardinal Farley, late archbishop of New York, whose body was removed from his summer home to the cathedral.

The second day's funeral service began at Manhattan early today with a requiem mass. Later Masses and laude were chanted by Bishop Patrick J. Hayes and clergy of the diocese.

They escorted by the guard of honor of motorcycle police and a following of clergy and prominent laymen, including the cardinal's committee, the Knights of St. Anthony, the trustees of St. Patrick's Cathedral and the trustees of the Catholic cemetery, the cortege began the twenty-five mile journey to New York.

In New York city the cortege was met and escorted to the cathedral by members of the 69th Regiment, N. G. N. Y. There will be no celebration of ceremonies until the body is entombed in the Cathedral crypt Tuesday.

The casket will not be opened in the church today, but from tomorrow afternoon until Tuesday it will be opened for the public to pay its tribute of respect.

BELIEVE MUNDELEIN MAY BE MADE CARDINAL
Chicago, Sept. 12.—Elevation of Archbishop George W. Mundelein of the archdiocese of Chicago to the cardinalate to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Cardinal Farley, is believed among Chicago Catholic clergymen as among the strong probabilities. The only real rival to Archbishop Mundelein, it is believed, is Archbishop John Ireland of St. Paul.

Whole German Band Captured at St. Mihiel

By International News Service.
Paris, Sept. 12.—A complete German band of sixty-two pieces was captured at St. Mihiel, according to Paul Payne of West New York, N. J. Payne, who is secretary to the commanding officer, his return to Paris.

"That did not look like a voluntary retirement when the German band did not even take the bagpipes with them," declared Payne. "We could not hear the German bandmen at the front in play for us. They were sent back as prisoners. Our own bandmen immediately Americanized them by playing 'Yankee Doodle' on the German instruments."

Payne also told of the capture of thirty-six new German motor trucks recently painted with the Prussian eagle on them. "Our boys," he said, "painted a 'V' over the Prussian eagle and above it a crowing cock. The trucks are now being used as an ammunition train to take ammunition to our front lines."

VETERAN OF THE MARNE PRESENTED \$500 PURSE

Just as Private Edward J. Bagley of Blackstone was preparing to leave the Boston City Hospital on his way to the military hospital at Columbia, N. J., he received a call from his former employer, Dr. James H. McCulloch, and a group of Blackstone friends, inviting him to a demonstration of his honor in his home town. He was met by a brass band which played martial music in the square, and was presented a purse of \$500 which his wounds at the first battle of the Marne and was the first Blackstone soldier wounded.

MAYOR'S WIFE SPONSOR FOR U. S. S. NANTASKET

Mrs. Anne J. Mayor, wife of the Mayor, will be sponsor for the transport Nantasket, to be launched at Fore River next Saturday morning at 11:30. The Nantasket will be the first vessel of this type in the emergency fleet to be launched. It is 45 feet long and of 8,500 tons, with turbine drive.

REVENUE BILL PROVISO HITS CHILD LABOR

By International News Service.
Washington, Sept. 12.—Although several proposed amendments, in addition to certain provisions passed over by agreement yesterday, engaged the attention of the House today when it resumed consideration of the \$1,114,000,000 revenue bill, House leaders spoke in their prediction that the measure would be voted on before the week-end.

A proposed occupational head tax of \$10 is to be disposed of, while an amendment offered by Representative Moore of Pennsylvania to tax raw cotton 3 cents a bale, and another amendment proposed by Representative Green of Iowa to levy a flat 5 per cent tax on child labor products are to be voted upon.

The Green amendment is aimed at producers of children under 14 years old and of children between 14 and 18 years who work more than six days a week, eight hours a day or at night.

Certain features of the proposed taxation on additions to amusements or entertainments are among other provisions still to be acted on, as is the definition of violent speech, as well as the taking of birth-records and birth-pollers.

The 17th of the 100 pages of the voluminous measure, the House passed when the House took it up again today, 118 pages having been read yesterday.

DR. E. M. HOLMES DROWNED IN HULL BAY

Dr. Edgar M. Holmes, throat and nose specialist, of No. 331 Beacon street, was drowned, and his son Edward, 15, had a narrow escape from the same fate in Hull Bay today. The physician and his son had gone out in a canoe towards their power boat, when the power boat was overturned and the father and son were thrown overboard. The boy's strength gave out and he was forced to let go of the father, who sank.

Holmes is survived by his wife, two daughters and his son. He graduated from Harvard Medical School in 1894, and attained great success as a specialist on the throat, chest and ear. He had been connected with the Boston City and St. Elizabeth's hospitals, the Massachusetts Infant Asylum and the Boston Dispensary. He was a member of the American, Massachusetts and Boston Medical societies, and was well known as an expert on surgery.

Fined for Impure Vinegar

In the Dorchester Municipal Court today, Arthur Zallou, of Harvard street, convicted of selling impure clear vinegar was fined \$25 and paid for James J. Jordan of the city by whom the House took it up again today, 118 pages having been read yesterday.

GASTON CLUB HEAD GETS AFTER MR. LONG

The alleged attempt of Gaston Richard H. Long to secure a divorce from a Birmingham paper by the use of money was denigrated today by John R. Moore, president of the Gaston club of Boston. "Only another disclosure of Mr. Long's booth campaign to buy the Democratic nomination," declared Mr. Moore.

The Gaston club has opened headquarters at No. 15 Congress street, and speakers today addressed rallies at the Walworth hotel, South Boston, the Hingham Carpet Company, Hingham, at the Plant show company, Jamaica Plain.

Tonight rallies for colored Gaston will be held in Haver square, Charlestown, Central square, Cambridge, and Houghton Crossing. A drive on the Boston on Cape Will be made Saturday.

Set the Children A Good Example

The ROZODONT yourself and teach them to use it to keep their teeth white and sound; the gums firm and the breath sweet and wholesome.

Are you giving your full duty to your child to avoid future tooth trouble? Persecution is the chief of tooth-aches it with

Sogodont
FOR THE TEETH
Liquid—Powder or Paste
SOLD BY DEALERS EVERYWHERE

Vose Small Grand

A revelation in tone volume, a delight to the cultured musical mind—An exclusive model with lines of elegant simplicity, a perfect production of artistic piano-craft.



THE result of 67 years of fine piano making, always with tone and quality perfection as the ideal. That "infinite capacity for taking pains" which spells the Vose genius for quality production has never been lessened to meet the rush of modern business competition.

Time is lengthened, not shortened, to make perfect the Vose product. Ideally proportioned for the smaller music room of the modern apartment. **TECHNICAL**

Vose & Sons Piano Co.
160 BOYLSTON ST.
ESTABLISHED 1851

JORDAN MARSH COMPANY — Mail and Telephone Orders Filled

New Serge Dresses for Women

If You Are Thinking of a New Serge Dress—
Our Best Advice Is to Choose It Now—
For We May Not Be Able to
Duplicate Such Good Values
Hundreds of Beautiful New Models
At 15.00 to 35.00

New Necklines
New Plaited Tunics
New Elongated Waists

New Braiding
New Fringes
New Embroidering

A New Serge Dress—
Navy, featuring elongated waistline, beautifully embroidered around neck, full side plaited tunic. 35.00

A New All-Wool Serge Dress—
In navy or black, plain tucks and buttons trim the waist, and four rows of black hercules braid on skirt. 15.00

Ten Styles in Navy Serge Dresses—
Some with loose panels, full plaited tunics, plain tailored styles, splendidly tailored. Priced at 25.00

New Serge Dresses—
In navy and black, with fancy surplice waist; white satin collar and vestice. 21.50

A New Serge Dress—
Heavy men's wear serge, in black of navy, beautifully tailored, full side plaited tunic, new neckline. 29.50

New Serge Dresses—
With plain tunic, hercules braid trimmed, white satin collar, heavy serge, plain tailored, navy only. 22.00

New Serge Dresses—
In the Mandarin coat style with loose collar, prettily braided, plain skirt and silk cord belt; also several straight line models. 35.00

Jordan Marsh Company
8:30 to 5:30 Hours Now Including Saturdays

THE SHEPARD STORES

COURTESY THE KEYNOTE OF SHEPARD SERVICE

EVERY MAN who can possibly do so is advised to BUY His New Fall SUIT at once

25.00 to 65.00

Utmost Value at the prices
—there has been no skimping
—no lessening of quality
—no break-away from
—no relaxation from the Shepard Store satisfaction
—the taking of birth-records and birth-pollers
—the 17th of the 100 pages of the voluminous measure, the House passed when the House took it up again today, 118 pages having been read yesterday.

When you want your Fall and Winter Suit remember—
This store has always given the largest dollar's worth.
The new suits are beautiful in their rich Autumn colorings, splendidly made up.
(Direct Entrance from Winter Street to Men's Own Store)

New Warm Garments for "His Highness" THE BABY

Behold a real treasury of baby things—all NEW!

Here, conveniently assembled, is everything new for the baby, with the touch of daintiness that never fails to strike a deep responsive chord in Mother's heart.

Pretty Soft Wool White Sweaters, 2.00, 2.95
White Wool Leggings, 80c to 1.00
Mittens, 30c to 1.00
Bootees, 30c to 1.00
Kimonos, 80c to 1.00
Flannel Gowns, upwards from 80c
Jersey Knit Sleeping Garments, 1.00 to 1.75
Cribdresses, 1.00 to 3.95
Baby Bunting or Sleeping Bags, 80c and 6.00
Crib Blankets, 80c to 3.00
Infants' White Winter Bonnets, upwards from 1.00
Infants' Caps, upwards from 8.00

Plenty of Dresses in our Newly Improved Girls' Store 1.95 to 18.50

GIRLS' DRESSES 4.00

Our special for this week is a lot of various styles in plain or plaid gingham—all sizes, but not every size in each style.

GIRLS' SCHOOL SWEATERS

Special lot, medium weight, coat sweaters, two pockets, buttons high at neck, turnover collar, rose Copenhagen. SIZES 6 to 8 3.50 SIZES 10 to 12 8.00 (Winter Street—Third Floor)

TRIMMINGS Embellishing the New Gowns and Millinery

No scarcity here of good trimmings of the qualities that have become so favorably known to women who have made this their Trimming Store.

All-Silk Knotted and Plain Top Fringes
In black and navy blue, 12 inches wide, in a beautiful color range, including black and ivory white. Note of this quality you will find marked at 75c. Specially priced, 1.39 (Winter Street—First Floor)

Silk-Finished Dress Nets
40 inches wide, in a beautiful color range, including black and ivory white. Note of this quality you will find marked at 75c. Specially priced, 25c (Winter Street—First Floor)

Who Fears Costlier-ness Later, When Like These 95c

"SAMPLES" and small lots overlooked in the midst of busy selling these days. We stand by our word—that these are extraordinary values at the price! We have undertaken to "beat the best" a Dollar will buy anywhere—and that we have done!

With these specially priced waists, to choose from, the woman who needs a new supply of shirtwaists anticipates new at a price prohibitive later.

She is sure to find something to please her taste in this collection.

Tailored Styles? Yes, they are here. Semi-tailored styles, too, in the lot. Materials are batiste, voile, creosars and corded voiles. Values? Why the price speaks for itself, but our word for it, "Quality First."

The Shepard Store's watchword, finds full expression in these models. (Will be sold "On the Thoroughfare," First Floor Only)

Your Great Good Fortune—

And ours to serve you so—

DECIDED SAVINGS

From Today's General Prices and the Old-time Shepard Store Quality Kinds!

Yes, many women have forgotten the need of new gloves. You undoubtedly patriotically refrained from wearing them during the summer—but correct dressing secures its due respect and demands for the Fall.

The new suit, the new dress, all cry out first thing for new gloves to go with them.

Women's 2-Clasp Washable Chamisette Gloves, made from the highest grade fabric, embroidered backs and plain colors. 79c

Slight imperfections, that, however, do not harm the wear or the looks of the gloves, but change the price from 1.15 to 1.10

Women's 2-Clasp Black Silk Gloves, heavy quality, embroidered with white stitching, 1.50 ones for pair. 95c

Women's 1-Clasp Washable Capekin Gloves, broken lots, a 2.00 glove at 1.65 (Trimmings Store—First Floor)

Continuing to sell L-I-N-E-N HAND-K'FS at old low prices

is the talk about town of all knowing buyers

Thank you for the uninterrupted continuance of big volume selling since our last advertisement awoke you to the realization that there are

Women's Pure Linen Handkerchiefs	Women's Pure Linen Handkerchiefs	Women's Pure Linen Handkerchiefs
17c	29c	17c
3 for 50c	But 115 dozen, each has either 14 or 16 inch hem.	6 for 1.00
16 and 14 inch hems.		In white and colored embroidery
Women's Pure Linen Handkerchiefs	Women's Pure Linen Handkerchiefs	Women's Pure Linen Handkerchiefs
15c	6 for 1.00	15c
Edged with imitation of Armentau lace, in white and colors.	Initials surrounded with dainty wreaths, 6 in a box.	14 inch hems only, pure linen hemstitched
Men's Pure Linen Handkerchiefs—14 and 16 inch hem; 39c ones, at each. 29c	Men's Pure Linen Handkerchiefs—All full size, nicely hemstitched; 50c ones, at 35c	Khaki Handkerchiefs—For fellows in the service; 6 for 60c, each. 12c
Men's Corded Border—Full size and will not shrink when laundered, 3 for 80c, each. 17c	Men's Colored Initial Handkerchiefs—in boxes of three, colors showing; 3 for 65c	
Women's Initial Handkerchiefs	Women's Embroidered Handkerchiefs	Women's Corded Handkerchiefs
6 for 35c	17c	6 for 25c
White initial in packages of 6	3 for 50c (Seconds) in white and colors	Colored corded, full size
Girls' School Handkerchiefs	Men's Cambric Handkerchiefs	Women's Shamrock Handkerchiefs
6 for 25c	10c	6 for 1.00. Each 19c
All white and white with colored borders.	Hemstitched and 60 inch ready for use	Blocked borders, combined with embroidery.

(Winter Street—First Floor)

MAJOR WOUNDED 36 TIMES, NOW IN BOSTON

New York, East. 13.—Although six times a millionaire, with a wife and four step-children, "Tiger" (John T.) Smith, erstwhile medical student and boxer, plans to fight for democracy and to send his family South for the Winter because they cannot secure coal. "Tiger's" six and a quarter millions neither exempt him from military service nor obtain for him the exemption from the furnace. He plans to work for a lieutenant's commission.

"Tiger's" fortune is derived from the estate of his grandfather, John C. Smith, after sixteen years' litigation.

Major Raymond L. Leonat, head of a French Military Mission in the Department of the Northeast, who left a hospital in Paris to come to London, after being confined there for thirty-one months with wounds, is pictured away with his new position.

Boston.

"Every one likes Boston, the French especially," he remarked smiling. "It's just like a European city. You make people feel at home. Americans and French people must see more of each other after this war is over. I believe that is one of the good things of the war. It will draw us more together. Every American will want to speak French and every

different parts of the body. His life was once despaired of, but through the skill of French surgeons and his rugged constitution, he was able to recover.

His three medals are "The Legion of Honor," "Croix de Guerre" and "Palm Academique."

Frenchman in the future will want to speak English."

Major Leonat was born near Bordeaux and received his first military commission as second lieutenant at the military school of Saint Cyr. He was afterward captain in one of the Parisian regiments. He was wounded in the First Battle of the Marne in four places.

In Lorraine in 1916 he was with General Bouchet and at Verdun with General Caron and in 1917 at Rheims.

Wedding Rings
 **\$3 to \$12**
 SOLID 14, 18 AND 22K. GOLD
The E. B. HORN CO.
 425 Washington St. Established
in 1925

RAPID DECLINE OF INFLUENZA AT RADIO

Buck Private from Alabama Keeps His Word

Sept. 19, 1891.—"Rev. Arthur Jefferson, by his name, before the war he was used to 'breach 'four' in northern Alabama. Now he is the buckest buck private in a negro regiment that has already earned fame in the line. He evolved the perfect answer to Prussian theology fifteen minutes after he got into the pulpit. He was a little positive—it was a quiet sermon—had hung out a big sign bearing the Prussian refrain: 'Gott mit uns.'"
Arthur Jefferson took one long look at it. Then he dismissed the congregation. He appeared later with the legend laboriously inscribed on the top of a biscuit box.
"German: Consign your souls to the Lord. In 'bout four minutes I was back before the line in Alabama."
And they did.

The medical authorities at the Harvard School have not as yet resorted to the use of the serum, reported to have been discovered by Dr. Leary of Tufts Medical School. Use may be made of the serum at a later date, but no announcement has been made as to the intention of using it at Harvard School.

23RD TO MAKE
LONG MARCH
FRIDAY

By THOMAS F. PHELAN.

Camp Levens, Ayr, Sept. 19.—With the completion of the new laundry building, which is in process of construction near the main entrance to this cantonment, a more centralized method of washing and ironing clothes will be established and much of the confusion which now obtains will be eliminated, according to an army official.

The building is of wood with a concrete foundation and will come under the direct supervision of the quartermaster. The contractor who is putting up the structure feels that it will be ready for occupancy

Civilians' and soldiers' clothes of the underwear variety, shirts, coats and blankets will be washed at a reasonable rate. Modern machinery will be used in carrying on this work. Expert employees in that line of activity will be employed. A number of the employees will, it is stated, be women.

A system of checking clothes on receipt and delivery will facilitate their handling and make possible

curacy and direct delivery to the

The need of such a building has been felt here for a long time. From a governmental viewpoint the building and its material and help will be subservient at all times to the supervision of the military authorities.

Practical instruction for telephone line-men connected with the signal platoons will start Monday, September 30. Liaison instruction of the signal platoons of headquarters companies is now being given and will continue up to and including October 7.

Two hours daily are given to bugler training. This instruction will be divided into half or three-quarter hour periods, one period in the morning. Tests for speed will be made Friday and Saturday morning.

Private Christopher Chilton of Company No. 25 Depot Brigade is a former U. S. Army sergeant who was discharged at Madison, Wisconsin, to get over to France to take part in the big drive to begin.

Consolidated instruction will start tomorrow morning at 8 o'clock. Soldiers of the 23d Brigade will take part. One regiment will go by rail, and the other by foot road, and the other by way of Ro-

The brigade will break camp Saturday morning in time to form in line of march on its drill ground by 10 a. m., the same roads being used as tomorrow, but by different regiments. Arrangements have been made to have three meals served to the men during the manoeuvres when en route.

**CELEBRATE PERSHING'S
VICTORY WITH PARADE**
Northampton, Sept. 19.—To celebrate the wiping out of the St. Mihiel salient by General Pershing, this town will hold a parade tonight. The G. A. R., high school cadets, fraternities and labor organizations will take part. There will be a special division made up entirely of friendly aliens.

Unsightly pimples and blemishes on the face are sure signs that the skin and blood need the purifying

**BEECHAM'S
PILLS.**

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World.
Sold everywhere. In Boxes, 10c., 25c.

MORSE METHODS
ARE REFLECTED
IN
MORSE-MADE
CLOTHES

NEVER was the honesty and ingenuity of an organization put so thoroughly to the test as in these war times.

Still the House of Morse
is captured by veterans in facing
obstacles. The Civil War, the Spanish
War and the War for Liberty find us
meeting and hurdling every barrier in our
path.

The scars of business conflict have never tarnished the mighty reputation and weight of this house with the thinking men of New England in any ordeal. The House of Morse was never better equipped to give "value," that by comparison would shame those who cry "value," as the word is misused.

Value is the basic principle
and the cornerstone that this house
has built upon for sixty-six years, and
it will never be shattered.

We ask your close and critical inspection of this season's Morse-Made Clothes. Every suit, no matter what its price, represents the third-speed of value.

Will you inspect today or tomorrow the Fall 1918 Clothes made by Morse

\$20 \$25 \$30 \$35 and up to \$50

Adams
Square

Leopold Morse

Open Saturday evenings until 9 P. M.
"Back Goes Your Money If You're Dissatisfied"

Washington
Cor. Brattle

GILCHRIST'S
Open All Day Saturday

Friday Specials

FOR ONE DAY ONLY

For the purpose of inducing customers to visit our store on Friday, we have made these prices so low that we cannot fill mail or phone orders.

Women's Suits

Friday Only

\$19.75

Made of men's wear serge, Pique, tulle and all-wool pique. Dressy flare style and tailored effects with pleated backs. Velvet overlaid collars and braided binding. Black, navy and colors.

Smart Serge Dresses

Friday Only

\$12.98

Exceptionally attractive models of high grade serge. Some braided trim, others made effective with embroidery.

Girls' School Dresses

Friday Only

\$2.69

In handsome plaid and stripes. High belt effect, finished with collar and cuffs. Full cut skirts with pockets. Sizes 6 to 14 years.

Lingerie Waists

Friday Only

\$1.29

Regular \$2.00 Val. Made of fine lawn, trimmed with dainty lace edge and medallion inserts.

Babies' Night Gowns

Friday Only

79c

Of excellent quality heavy white flannel-made with draw string at bottom. Sizes 2 to 2 years.

Cashmerette Gloves

2-fingerless. Splendid weight for Fall and Winter wear. Black or gray.

Friday Only

45c

Moire Taffeta Ribbon

3 1/4 in. wide. Lustrous finish, 6 mm quality. Shades including pink, blue, cardinal, Copenhagen, old rose, black, white, etc.

Friday Only

25c

Men's Night Robes

Heavy weight outing. Bannel. Cut full and long. All sizes.

Friday Only

\$1.29

Costume Velveteen

\$1.75 value. 27 in. wide. All wanted colors and black.

Friday Only

\$1.29

Storm Serge

\$1.00 value. Excellent quality for skirts and dresses. All colors.

Friday Only

69c

59c Sateen

36 in. wide. Full mercerized finish. All complete line of colors and black.

Friday Only

39c

Bleached Sheets

Size 2 1/4 x 2 3/4 yards. Full finished 3 and 1-inch hems. Each.

Friday Only

\$1.49

Armure Portieres

Assorted patterns, in green, red and brown, finished on Van Dyke edge.

Friday Only

\$4.98

Wall Paper

For most any room in the house. Values up to 20c. Sold only with borders to match.

Friday Only

9c Roll

Boys' Flannelette Pajamas

Friday Only

89c

Val. to \$1.50

Agos 6, 8 and 10 Good heavy outing flannel. Jacket has silk frogs. Both garments cut full.

Hot Water Bottles

Friday Only

79c

Made of first grade rubber. Full No. 2 size. No home can afford to be without one of these necessary articles. Buy now!

Aluminum Covered Kettles

Friday Only

\$1.19

\$1.69 Value. 6-qt. size. Of good weight aluminum ball handle with well fitting cover.

Water Tumblers

Friday Only

69c Doz.

Set of 6. Plain blown tumblers. Clear glass. 9 oz. tumbler size. Nothing less than 3/4 doz. delivered. 50c Value.

Comfort Combination Mattress

Friday Only

\$1.95

Fine Italian fibre casse, wool and felted cotton on top, bottom, sides and ends. Head and stitched, roll edge, 6-inch box. Good grade tickings. All sizes.

Marquisette Dutch Curtains

Friday Only

\$2.39

Good quality marquisette with 1 inch silk hemstitched hem. Trimmed with novelty lace in curtains and edge.

THEATRE TICKETS FREE
JUST FOR THE ASKING
 FOR LOEW'S GLOBE THEATRE for Thursday and Friday of this week to every woman who comes to our store. Just ask any floor manager, or apply at Information Bureau, Cash Desk at the Soda Fountain or any Legal Stamp Desk. No restrictions; no obligations.

We Give and Redeem Merchants Legal Stamps

GILCHRIST CO.

THE GILCHRIST BUILDING
CHICAGO, ILL.

Civilians in plans I-A if they fail to win commissions after the course of training will remain in the army as enlisted men. Civilians entitled to deferred classification will return to that status if they fail to win commissions.

Applicants must be submitted to army officers on duty at the various educational institutions designated and not to the War Department if it is announced.

**PREPARE YOURSELF TO FILL A
WAR-TIME POSITION
IN 30 DAYS**

BOSTON SCHOOL OF FILING
Little Building. Phone 663 Branch
Brooklyn-New York-Philadelphia.

N. C.
Pl., Boston

Every Piece
of Merchandise
Made in
the U. S. A.

resting)

Bargains

Friday
y Item

Silk and Cotton Underwear
Philippine Gowns and Envelope Chemises—All hand embroidered and hand made. Worth \$3.00, 2.00

Envelope Chemises—Crepe de
chine and washable satin; heavy
quality. Worth \$3.00. **1.75**

Princess Slips—Washable satin
and China silk; some slightly
soiled. Worth \$3.00-\$7.50. Sale

Gowns, Combinations and Envelope Chemises—Trimmed with medallion of lace. Worth \$2.50.
1.45

Petticoats

\$5.00 Chiffon Taffeta Petticoats
—With silk jersey tops, all new
colors **2.95**

\$6.00 Chiffon Taffeta Petticoats
—Some with jersey tops and all new
fall styles **3.95**

Notions
10c Soap Fasteners—3-0 to 1,
black and white, doz.....6c
6c Safety Pins—Nos. 1, 2, 3.
3 cards for 13c
15c Bias Binding—Assorted widths.

Special Cap Hair Nets—Good quality, 3 for..... **15c**
5c Darning Cotton—Mercerized, asst. clors, 3 spools..... **12c**



Velours and
broadcloths,
Black Velours

9.00

Madras Curtains
are mounted on a
es wide, 2 1/2 yards **1.85**
.....
quaisette Bonne Femme Panel

Handsome medallion design, 4.50

Imported Antique Curtains—
insertion and edge. Sale Price, 10.00

uch Covers—Double faced
oriental design, full size. Sale
..... **5.00**

At **8.95**

At **6⁸⁵**

Female Help Wanted.

STOP LOOK LISTEN

50 Stitches Wanted

100% GOVERNMENT WORK
NOW LISTEN
Highest prices paid and you receive 10% bonus on cash dollar you earn every three months. One of the best shops in U. S. and first-class working conditions.

Apply for instruction
at 200 Columbus Av., Suite 4, Boston, Mass.
MRS. C. B. CROWELL

The United States Employment Service needs 500 to 1000 women and girls for R. H. LONG CO., Framingham, Mass., to work on canvas and leather goods for the Army.

Apply U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, 128 Federal St., 3 Kneeland St., Boston, Mass.; Crouch Building, Union Ave., Framingham, Mass.

SHOE STITCHERS

Vampers and pressers. Also girls to learn.

A. G. WALTON & CO., Inc.
Spruce and Heald Sts., Chelsea, Mass.

GIRLS WANTED

Over 16 years of age for packing Sunshine Biscuits and general work. LOOSE-WILES BISCUIT CO., 226 Causeway St.

Experienced Packers
Dippers
Hand Stringers
And Girls to Learn.

WANTED—Girls for light bench assembly work, in clean, modern factory. Apply MISS MINES, 4th floor, 112 Shawmut Ave., Boston

GIRLS

TO BE PROMOTED: familiar with the operation of the sewing machine. Apply to the manager, THE THERMATIC CO., 211 Broadway St., Boston

WANTED—Girls for light bench assembly work, in clean, modern factory. Apply MISS MINES, 4th floor, 112 Shawmut Ave., Boston

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Male Help Wanted.

5 All Round Machinists.
2 Vertical Boring Mill Operators.
2 Radial Drill Hands.
1 Acme Turret Lathe Hand.
10 Experienced Sheet Iron Workers.
25 Second, Third and Fourth Class Sheet Iron Workers.
1 Armature Winder.
6 Crane Moulders.
4 Side Floor Moulders.
6 Coremakers.
8 Snaggers.
4 Factory Clerks.

B. F. STURTEVANT CO.
HYDE PARK, MASS.

Government Work

WANTED
Machinists Lathe Hands
Universal Grinder Hands
APPLY EMPLOYMENT DEPT.,
U. S. CARTRIDGE CO.,
1028 Scollay Bldg. on Market St.
Boston, Mass.
Scollay Sq. office will be open until 8 p. m. Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday.

FANCY PACKERS

Experienced packers and girls to learn. The work is pleasant and working conditions excellent. Good wages with bonus. Steady work guaranteed. Must be 16 years of age or over.

Apollo Chocolate Shop
128 Cross St., Boston

Shoe Factory
WANTED—ASSEMBLERS, LINING GIRLS AND GIRLS TO LEARN. VICTORIA SHOE CO., 16 NEW ST., EAST BOSTON

Chocolate Dippers
wanted. Good pay and bonus.
DURAND CO.
128 CROSS ST., BOSTON.

DEMONSTRATORS
WANTED—Wanted to demonstrate a better substitute in store on Friday and Saturday only. Call after 5 p. m. Thursday, J. J. MANNING, 40 South Market St., Boston.

MILLINERY
Wanted to learn the art of making hats. Apply to the manager, THE THERMATIC CO., 211 Broadway St., Boston

WOMEN WANTED
FOR DELIVERING MESSAGES TO CITY OF BOSTON. Apply to the manager, THE THERMATIC CO., 211 Broadway St., Boston

LAUNDRY HELP
Wanted to learn the art of making hats. Apply to the manager, THE THERMATIC CO., 211 Broadway St., Boston

MILLINERY MAKERS
Wanted to learn the art of making hats. Apply to the manager, THE THERMATIC CO., 211 Broadway St., Boston

LAUNDRY HELP
Wanted to learn the art of making hats. Apply to the manager, THE THERMATIC CO., 211 Broadway St., Boston

SECOND MAID
Wanted to learn the art of making hats. Apply to the manager, THE THERMATIC CO., 211 Broadway St., Boston

Female Help—Miscellaneous
Wanted to learn the art of making hats. Apply to the manager, THE THERMATIC CO., 211 Broadway St., Boston

Female Situations Wanted
Wanted to learn the art of making hats. Apply to the manager, THE THERMATIC CO., 211 Broadway St., Boston

HALL BOYS
Wanted to learn the art of making hats. Apply to the manager, THE THERMATIC CO., 211 Broadway St., Boston

BOYS WANTED
Wanted to learn the art of making hats. Apply to the manager, THE THERMATIC CO., 211 Broadway St., Boston

MACHINISTS WANTED
Wanted to learn the art of making hats. Apply to the manager, THE THERMATIC CO., 211 Broadway St., Boston

Shoe Repairers wanted
Wanted to learn the art of making hats. Apply to the manager, THE THERMATIC CO., 211 Broadway St., Boston

FIREMAN
Wanted to learn the art of making hats. Apply to the manager, THE THERMATIC CO., 211 Broadway St., Boston

Tinsmith & Furnace Men
Wanted to learn the art of making hats. Apply to the manager, THE THERMATIC CO., 211 Broadway St., Boston

Male Help Wanted.

The Steady Demand for Emerson Shoes

in our Stores and Agencies warrants us guaranteeing our Cutters steady work for the next nine months based on actual orders on hand.

To meet this demand in our Factories we need at our Rockland (Mass.) Factory:

Whole Shoe Cutters—Hand or Machine
Bal Turners and Lining Stitchers in
Stitching Room
and
ALL KINDS OF OPERATORS ON
STITCHING MACHINES

"The fifty weeks or more a year" Factory.
The Emerson Shoe
HONEST ALL THROUGH
Rockland, Massachusetts

The U. S. Employment Service

WANTS
HELPERS
AND
LABORERS

FOR THE
Bethlehem Shipbuilding
Corp., Ltd.,
Fore River Plant
Quincy, Mass.

APPLY AT
BOSTON COMMON,
8 KNEELAND ST., also
128 FEDERAL ST.,
OR
Bethlehem Shipbuilding
Corp., Ltd.,
FORE RIVER PLANT,
Quincy, Mass.

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WANTED AT ONCE

SHIPYARD WORKERS
MACHINISTS, ALL KINDS
BOILER MAKERS
ELECTRICIANS
PAINTERS
ACETYLENE OPERATORS
RIGGERS

APPLY AT
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United States Employment Service NEEDS MEN

FOR THE
BOSTON RUBBER SHOE CO.
Malden - Melrose
Massachusetts
APPLY TO
United States Employment Service
—AT—
128 FEDERAL STREET
BOSTON COMMON
Opposite West Street
83 CANAL STREET
8 KNEELAND STREET

APPLY TO
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FOR OTHER CLASSIFIED ADS, SEE PAGES 11 AND 12.

DEATHS

ALLEN—In Allen, Sept. 17, William Allen, 77 years old, died at his home, 100 North St., Boston. Buried at Forest Hills.

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Ex-Mayor Curley and the Big Corporations

Ex-Mayor Curley is a candidate for Congress in a district which he abandoned when he acquired a degree of affluence which enabled him to set up housekeeping in a more fashionable quarter of the city.

But there is nothing wrong about ex-Mayor Curley's candidacy in a district where he does not live. It is legal, and any district ought to have the privilege and ought to exercise the privilege of selecting the best man to represent it wherever he lives.

The AMERICAN is not particularly interested in most of the issues between Congressman Gallivan and Ex-Mayor Curley. But there is one issue which Mr. Curley has raised which ought to receive some comment from the AMERICAN. Mr. Curley is going about the district denouncing the seven-cent fare and telling the citizens what he would have done had he the power to prevent it. Now there is nothing more laughable than this pretence of Mr. Curley that he is a champion of the people against the corporations. In the first place there was no possible way of avoiding an increase of fare. The only question was whether the increase of fare should go into the hands of a lot of the old private corporation managers, or whether they should be disposed of and the property should be taken by the public, and the increased money the public put into the road through increased car fares should be put into the hands of their own representatives. Through the insistence of the Boston AMERICAN, without the aid of Mr. Curley, the old private managers of the Boston Elevated were ousted and public trustees were appointed.

But even if the seven-cent fare should be avoided, does anybody who knows Mr. Curley's record believe that he would have been the man to prevent it? Does he think that the people of his district have forgotten what he tried to do for the Edison Electric Light Company? Does he think that the people of his district have forgotten how the AMERICAN was obliged to fight the contract which as Mayor he tried to force down the throat of the city, under which the city would have been robbed of hundreds of thousands of dollars? When he as Mayor signed that contract with the Edison Electric Light Company, the AMERICAN publicly asserted that the city would be robbed by that contract of at least one million dollars. Through the efforts of the Boston AMERICAN and the upstanding members of the City Council that contract was rejected, and Mr. Curley and the Edison Electric Light Company were compelled to make another contract under which the price to be charged by the Edison Company might be reduced by the Board of Gas and Electric Light Commissioners. And the Board of Gas and Electric Light Commissioners thereafter did reduce that price by almost one-half a million dollars. It is the opinion of one of the city's experts that if the decision could have come before the war broke out the price would have been reduced by almost a million.

Thus was the prediction of the AMERICAN fulfilled. Thus was it proved that if Mr. Curley had had his way the city would have lost at least half a million, and for all that he then could have foreseen would have lost a million.

Mr. Curley may have virtues which appeal to the people of the district in which he is a candidate. But it is amazing that he thinks them so unintelligent as to swallow this pretence of his that he could or would have championed the people in any fight in which a great corporation was VERY much interested.

Hit Above the Belt

All the candidates on the Democratic ticket profess to be supporting the National administration and every one of them will, if nominated, urge support at the polls upon the ground that his election will be an endorsement of the administration. Under these circumstances attacks upon one another which must impair their strength at the polls, do not help the administration.

Of course, it does not follow that a man who is guilty of a grievous fault which the public is entitled to know ought not to be exposed. But unproved and unprovable charges going to the character of any of the candidates ought not to be made, especially if they are of ancient vintage.

The charge that Mr. Gaston had an illicit connection with a construction company that was asserted to have built a tunnel for the Boston Elevated Railway extravagantly and corruptly was investigated by the Grand Jury some time ago. By a unanimous vote the Grand Jury exonerated all parties concerned from the charge.

The Democratic candidates ought not to hit each other below the belt. There is an important difference in the points of view of the candidates which would interest the Democratic voters if it were intelligibly pointed out to them, and attempts were abandoned to try the case upon issues concerning which no proof can be advanced.

Mr. Long is progressive in his political point of view. Mr. Gaston is conservative in his political point of view. Neither candidate denies these personal characteristics. They are important differences in qualification for the office. Both men have ideas concerning the future which differ on account of their divergent points of view. A calm and wholesome discussion of these differences would be very interesting to the Democratic constituency and would be strictly within the rules of the game, and every such point made is germane to the issue and a blow above the belt.

INKLINGS AND THINKINGS

Austria wants a "non-binding discussion," which sounds worse than one of the old Wall Street "gentlemen's agreements."

But we shouldn't object to a non-binding game.

No ticket speculators in the theatre of war.

Prince Henry of Prussia says he will accept the crown of Poland. Somehow we believe Henry would be an awful easy mark for a third card man.

German leader says "peace is nearer than the fatherland expected. So is Pershing."

Any man who has a wife knows what a questionnaire is.

"Here's Your Hat. What's Your Hurry?"

By T. E. Powers



Oh, What Will They Do When It's Dry, Dry as the Desert Sahara?

By A. F. HUSSEY

WHEN the schnooners no longer cross the bar,
When the white coated barmen have gone afar,
What will the old hulk tie to then
What will they use instead of gin?

Where will political battles be fought,
Out in the street or in the empty lot
Or over the soda fountain clasp,
While the bosses plan and eat ice cream?

Where will the corner idler loiter,
When the sun's too hot or the sleet and snow
Drive him away from his leafing stand
Will he go and talk with the soda man?

Where will the world spend the night
When the gin mills are closed and all the white light
Has gone out to stay in the swell cafe?
Will the soda fountain keep open all night?

Where will the fisherman fill his jug
That he uses for bait or to fill his mug?
Will the fish be alone in his watery lair
Or will he see soda drunk up there?

What will you do, my tippler friend,
When it really comes to the final end?
Will you swear and fume and fuss and cry,
What will you do when it really dries,
Dry as the desert Sahara?

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Give the Boys More

Editor Boston AMERICAN:

If you can spare the space in your paper I think that I have an interesting subject to speak of.

I am a shipyard worker and am making "big wages" along with the rest of the war workers. I expect another raise soon. We need it. But, how about the men who are giving up their positions, their pleasures and leaving their families? Why not take some of this money contributed to labor and pay the boys "over there" allowances that will keep their families without pinching. Of course they need it. They are giving every thing, positions, family, pleasures and even their lives. I am a fairly well educated citizen, having gone well above a grammar school education. I have been a working man and understand their trials in these days of it. C. L. But think of "The Boys." Give them more. They say nothing about striking, but hear it all without

A SERIAL. Think of their families

A shipyard worker who thinks of more than himself. QUINCY.

Collect Rubber

Editor Boston AMERICAN:

The conservation of rubber seems to be an important thing at this time. May I suggest that every one who is canning fruit and vegetables save the old rubber rings that come from last year's jars, and any defective new rings and send them to some recycling station which you can indicate in your paper.

The total weight of pure rubber that could be quickly collected from this source would be great enough to be quite worth while, and if the whole country should turn in these old rubber rings tons of good rubber that would otherwise be wasted can be saved. The persons who are saving peach and other stones would all have some rings to donate, and the rings could be collected by the children at the same time they gathered the peach stones.

Ye TOWNE GOSSIP

Registered U. S. Patent Office.

By K. C. B.

THEY ASK for Peace.
AND COME.
WITH HONEYED words.
AND WHISPER them.
THROUGH LIPS.
THAT YESTERDAY,
SANG SONGS of hate.
AND PLEAD.
THE "PENT-UP" kindness.
"IN THEIR breasts."
THAT THEY would free.
AND TALK as equals.
OF THAT many boy.
WHO LEFT your home.
AND MINE.
AND PUT him down.
AS CHATTEL.
TO BE bargained with.
FOR STRIPS of land.
AND TRADE.
THEY TALK of Peace.
AS SOME fool murderer.
MIGHTY TALK.
AND IT will come.
WHEN BELGIAN babies.
AND OLD men.
AND WHITE-HAIRED women.
COME FROM STRAYS.
UNMARKED.
AND FROM the sea.
THERE'LL COME.
ITS HOST.
OF MURDERED men.
AND SOLDIER STRAYS.
WILL OPEN.
AND THERE'LL COME.



SCIENCE IS WARRIOR'S BIGGEST ASSET

By Garrett P. Serviss

THE greatest educational lesson of this war is its demonstration of the need of more instruction in scientific knowledge for all boys and girls. Schools are still conducted on a too literary basis. The elements of science should be taught several years earlier in the courses than they are at present. It is literature that ought to wait, and not science.

The laws of motion and of electricity are more important to be known by everybody than the refinements of courtesy or style, or the rules of metrical composition. There is more mental value in Newton than in Homer; the one represents the day's work, the other the evening's entertainment.

In our existing system of education we are like an architect beginning his plan with the ornaments. The right system would be arranged somewhat as follows: First speaking, then reading, then and along with these, or immediately succeeding them, arithmetic, elementary mathematics together with the ordinary laws and facts of physics and mechanics, knowledge of plants and animals, anatomy and physiology, the weather, the seasons, elementary astronomy, geography, history; and, after all these, languages, literature and such advanced scientific and other studies as might be preferred.

Education's Tendency

Through and over all, of course, should go instruction and guidance in morals. A nation whose youths were brought up along such such lines as that would not only be unconquerable, but it would stand at the world's head, not by virtue of force but by virtue of its conscience.

The vice of the literary type of education is that it leads to a kind of mental cigarette smoking, and tends to destroy the initiative of the stronger faculties, which, under scientific training, deal effectively with the actualities of life and nature. Everybody should, as far as possible, read the great masterpieces of the world's literature, and feed himself upon them; but, without any qualification, everybody should first be a fully developed human, and that cannot be if he values expression above performance.

When our age has become a chapter of ancient history it will be seen that the crowning achievement of the Anglo-Saxon intellect was not the writing of "Hamlet," or "Macbeth," but the production of "The Mathematical Principles of Natural Philosophy."

Lauds Engineer

As I have often said. The highest type of man (excluding moral considerations) is the engineer. He may be as moral as the best. He is the man that is ready to deal with things because he understands things. I would have every young person an engineer in embryo.

Think of what the soldier goes to battle in this war must gain by an education like that outlined above. Half the terrors that strike the new-comer from those awful battlefields may be robbed of their paralyzing force by the neutral knowledge in his brain. Chemistry can arm him against the demons of the gas-war, knowledge of ballistics makes the swooping shells less fearful, acquaintance with the principles of air-flight steadies his nerves in contests with aerial foes.

She Raised Her Heart to Be a Soldier's!

"Baby" Marlowe knew she'd raised her heart to be a soldier's—that is, she knew it when the right man came along. The martial hero's letters won her; and their war romance is one of the prettiest the Great War has brought about. Charming! told in the next

Boston Sunday Advertiser & American

"TODAY"

Cowardice and Cruelty. Kaiser, go to England. The Puzzled Clams. Don't Understand Buttons.

By Arthur Brisbane

Secretary Daniels says truly, "The allied advances are responsible for the offer of peace to Belgium and the proposition of the Austrian emperor for a conference."

"Out of the fullness of the heart the mouth speaketh."

The Kaiser has a heart full and a stomach full of French, English, Italian and American fighting efficiency, more than sufficient.

An explanation of the sudden demand for peace can also be found in Montaigne's interesting little essay, which begins:

"Cowardice, the mother of cruelty, I have often heard it said that cowardice is the mother of cruelty; and I have found, by experience, that malicious and inhuman animosity and hardness is usually accompanied with a feeble constitution. I have seen the most cruel people, and upon very frivolous occasions, very apt to be cowards."

The Kaiser was a gory, dashing, defiant "world conqueror" while he was running over weak Belgium and taking the French by surprise through his treachery. He and the Austrian emperor are weeping in chorus and in public now. What Montaigne wrote in the sixteenth century is nicely illustrated in Berlin and Vienna today.

On Tuesday, from London, a rumor came that the Kaiser had abdicated on behalf of himself and the whole Hohenzollern blood. Yesterday morning the Washington Post printed another rumor, which came, presumably, by Associated Press.

"The Kaiser has suffered a nervous breakdown and is very despondent."

Whether he abdicates, or blows his brains out, as has been predicted, leaving his precious son to face the music, it is certain that cowardice based on cruelty and cruelty based on cowardice are illustrated in the brazening of four years ago and the whimpering of today.

The safest thing that the imperial gentleman could do would be to take his entire family, land on the English coast and throw himself on the mercy of the English.

His mother was the daughter of an English king. The English do not murder their enemies or kill defenseless infants.

The Kaiser might live safely in England, where the family of Napoleon III. was kept for a trial for murder. If the Prussians keep him at home they will eventually do to him what he did to so many unfortunate, courageous Belgian and French women and children.

A gentleman who says he is an athlete asks:

"How can you write editorials about a merciful God? Does your religion help you to understand the horrible world war, the cruelties, unnecessary deaths, etc., etc.?"

The ingenuously athlete is referred to the fresh water clam called muskies, that live in the nice mud of Western rivers.

The shells of these clams are now shipped in carloads to button factories. They sell for sixty cents, and are worth only \$16 before the war started.

The athlete gentleman will admit that soft water clams are controlled by a wise, higher power, namely, man.

Now that muskies shells are worth \$60 per ton they are hunted more industriously than ever. Millions of them have their lives suddenly ended, as they are hauled up with dredges, left in the sun to rot and dry. Their homes, the shells on their backs, are sent away to be manufactured into buttons for human clothing.

An athlete clam probably would ask: "How can you talk about steel men mangling everything in this mud? Can the man of which you speak in any way make one shell? We are dug out of the mud, millions of us, exposed to cruel death, he heaves on our backs, and is useless to anybody except ourselves, carried away."

The soft-water clams could not be made to understand why it is that man makes his little button, and mother-of-pearl buttons—clams can't understand buttons or clothes. Human beings cannot understand the war, the suffering, the purposes that direct and control this world. But they need not necessarily deny the existence of a Supreme Intelligence, just as the clams would not deny if they knew more, the existence of an intelligent being that knows what to do with clam houses.

Science Notes

The addition of a few drops of cedar oil to gasoline when the latter is used for cleaning will lessen its odor.

A recently patented oscillating electric fan can be made to move its blades either vertically or horizontally.

By photography with a vibrating lens an English scientist has timed a lightning flash at one